

Best Execution Client Disclosure Statement

HSBC Bank Polska S.A. – Markets

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PUBLIC

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CLIENT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

INTRODUCTION

HSBC and Markets

HSBC Bank Polska S.A. (**HSBC PL or HSBC**) is a member of the HSBC Group, the ultimate holding company of which is HSBC Holdings plc. Global Banking and Markets (**GBM**) is a business line of the HSBC Group and provides financial solutions to government, corporate and institutional clients worldwide. **Markets** is the financial markets sales and trading division within GBM. HSBC PL under MiFID II offers to retail and professional customers Markets products limited to Global FX asset class.

Purpose

HSBC has a policy and related arrangements (**Best Execution Policy**) on best execution in respect of our Markets activities. This Client Disclosure Statement (**Statement**) provides information on our Best Execution Policy. If you have any questions about this Statement or our Best Execution Policy, please contact your HSBC representative.

Best execution

HSBC is subject to the regulatory duty of best execution under MiFID II in respect of our Markets activities. MiFID II regulates the provision of execution services. HSBC has a general duty to act in accordance with the best interests of those of our clients who are not eligible counterparties when providing those services. Best execution is a specific application of that general duty. References in this Statement to **MiFID II** are to the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (Directive 2014/65/EU), and related legislative acts of the European Union, as incorporated into applicable domestic law.

Addressees

This Statement is addressed to those clients of HSBC who deal directly with Markets and are not eligible counterparties. For organisational and regulatory reasons, only some clients of HSBC may deal directly with Markets. In addition, for the same reasons, only some Markets products are available to those clients who deal directly with Markets. References below to **HSBC** and **we**, and to **Clients** and **you**, should be understood accordingly.

Our commitment

Irrespective of the scope of best execution, we are committed to being efficient, transparent and client focused in our sales to and servicing of clients and are open to discussing with you your precise execution requirements to see how we can accommodate them.

SCOPE

Our Best Execution Policy applies to the provision of execution services where:

- HSBC executes orders,
- for clients that are within the scope of best execution,
- and HSBC acts on behalf of the clients concerned for the purposes of best execution.

Executing an order

An **order** is an instruction (to buy or sell one or more financial instruments) from the client to HSBC that is accepted by HSBC and execution is the performance by HSBC of that instruction, even where (in doing so) HSBC is dealing on our own account with the client. MiFID II defines the term **financial instrument**. For this definition, please see the Schedule of this Statement.

Clients

Clients who are treated by us as retail clients or as professional clients are within the scope of best execution. Eligible counterparties are not.

Acting on the client's behalf

HSBC takes account of prevailing regulatory guidance in identifying those clients on whose behalf we act for the purposes of best execution. Based on this guidance, this is our approach:

HSBC acts on behalf of those clients who legitimately rely on us to protect their interests in relation to pricing and the other parameters of the transaction that may be affected by the choices made by us when we provide execution services to them (**legitimate reliance**).

In the normal course of business, this means that when providing execution services:

- we act on behalf of those clients whom we treat as retail clients,
- we act on behalf of those clients whom we treat as professional clients, if the service is the execution of a client instruction to buy or sell financial instruments for the client in the course of order-driven activity.

RFQs

In contrast, in the normal course of business, we do not act on behalf of professional clients when the service is the execution of transactions with the client following a request-for-quote (**RFQ**) or in the course of similar quote-driven activity. This is because of the regulatory assumption that, in these circumstances, professional clients do not place legitimate reliance on individual quoting firms. In the absence of legitimate reliance, the quoting firm does not act on behalf of professional clients in respect of this activity and best execution is not applicable.

Determining legitimate reliance

We do not apply a blanket carve-out from best execution to this quote-driven activity. Based on prevailing regulatory guidance, we take into account certain factors in identifying those professional clients who legitimately rely on us. We do this holistically in the context of the client, the market, the transaction and other relevant facts and circumstances.

These factors include whether market practice indicates that there is an expectation of legitimate reliance. In particular, if there is a practice for clients to shop around, this is a contra-indicator of legitimate reliance. The term **shop around** refers to the market practice of seeking price quotations from a number of firms. This practice implies an absence of reliance on any one particular quoting firm in respect of execution.

The market practice to shop around is an important (but not determinative) factor. For example we may conclude that, in the case of RFQs for the unwinding of a bespoke products issued by HSBC, the ability to shop around may necessarily be constrained and that (following the application of the above approach) best execution is applicable.

BEST EXECUTION

Overarching principle

Our Best Execution Policy requires us to provide those execution services that are subject to best execution in a manner that is consistent with the overarching principle. This is the **overarching principle**: we take all sufficient steps to obtain the best possible result for our clients, taking into account the execution factors, on a consistent basis.

Sufficient Steps

The overarching principle does not mean that we must obtain the best possible results for clients on every single occasion. Rather, it requires the following of us:

- verification on an on-going basis that our execution arrangements work well throughout the different stages of the order execution process
- detection of potential deficiencies
- application of all appropriate remedial actions to such deficiencies

OVER-THE-COUNTER

In providing execution services, we execute with clients transactions in derivatives over-the-counter (**OTC**), including following a RFQ. This means we execute the transaction otherwise than on a trading venue. In these circumstances, HSBC acts as the client's **counterparty**. This means we enter into the OTC transaction with the client acting as principal and for our own account.

Quote-driven

OTC transactions, including Global FX, tend to be quote-driven rather than order-driven. This means the legitimate reliance analysis is of particular relevance to these markets and transactions.

Clients

The clients with whom we transact OTC tend to be sophisticated market participants, transacting in markets where the practice is to seek price quotations from a number of firms. These factors are contra-indicators of legitimate reliance.

Pricing

Where HSBC executes an OTC transaction with the client, we as a rule do so at an all-in price. An **all-in price** is a price that includes any spread or margin above the price at which HSBC PL (or HSBC Group member providing quote for HSBC PL for a given transaction) may be able to transact in the market. We may take into account a number of factors in quoting an all-in price, including the following factors:

- the risk that HSBC assumes under the transaction
- infrastructure and operational costs
- counterparty, capital, and funding related costs
- fees and costs that arise during the execution and life of the transaction
- the level of service provided to the client
- any pre-agreed fee or spread charges
- other factors specific to the client

The relative contribution of each of these factors may vary from transaction to transaction.

Responsibilities

It is the client's responsibility to determine whether or not to accept our price quotation for an OTC transaction. It is our responsibility to monitor the fairness of our pricing for OTC transactions that are subject to best execution.

Call back

There may be circumstances in which a client requests a price quotation at or around an indicated level that we are unable to provide immediately. In these circumstances, we may undertake to 'call back' the client when we are able to provide a price quotation at or around the indicated level. It is our approach to treat this activity as quote-driven rather than order-driven. This is because the decision to accept or reject our price quotation is made by the client (and not by us on behalf of the client).

CUSTOMISED TRANSACTIONS

The OTC transactions in derivatives that HSBC enters into may involve the negotiation and execution of unique contractual relationships tailored to the specific needs of our clients. For these transactions, we determine whether the client is placing legitimate reliance on HSBC in respect of execution. In the absence of legitimate reliance, HSBC is not acting on the client's behalf in respect of the activity concerned and best execution is not applicable. If best execution is applicable, we seek to apply the overarching principle in a manner that takes into account the particular circumstances associated with the execution of the transaction concerned. However, the scope for applying the overarching principle in these circumstances is correspondingly limited.

TRADING PLATFORMS

In Global FX market in particular, firms may transact with clients via third party electronic trading platforms that bring together diverse sources of liquidity. In these circumstances, the prices at which transactions can be concluded are transparent to the client and therefore the client is not relying on the transacting firm to protect the client's interest in relation to pricing.

EXECUTION FACTORS

Execution factors

In applying the overarching principle, HSBC takes into account these **execution factors**:

- price
- costs payable by client as a result of the execution
- speed of execution and settlement
- likelihood of execution and settlement
- size of the transaction
- nature of the transaction
- any other consideration that is relevant to execution

Execution criteria

In the normal course of business, when applying the overarching principle in Global FX we give the execution factors the following relative importance:

- First, price. In considering price, we also consider the steps that we may reasonably take to minimise the market impact of execution.
- This is followed by size, likelihood of execution, and speed of execution. Broadly, this means we seek to execute your order in whole and in a timely manner.
- Thereafter, the other execution factors have equal priority.

APPLICATION

General rule

In applying the overarching principle in the normal course of business, we determine the best possible result in terms of total consideration.

Commercial judgement

The application of the overarching principle involves the exercise of commercial judgement in the context of available market information. It is neither a guarantee that the best price will be obtained nor a guarantee that the transaction will be executed in full. Other firms may exercise their judgement differently and reach a different conclusion as to how the overarching principle might be applied.

Steps

The diversity of markets in which we operate and of the transactions that clients carry out means that the steps we take to apply the overarching principle may vary. In particular, these steps may vary significantly depending on whether (for example) HSBC executes with the client a customised derivative transaction or in certain circumstances, the steps we may take are necessarily limited. For example, there may only be a single available execution venue.

CONFLICTS

HSBC has established procedures that are designed to identify and manage conflicts of interest. In relation to best execution in particular:

Inducements

It is our policy not to receive prohibited inducements from third parties in connection with the provision of execution services to clients. An inducement is prohibited if, for example, its receipt would be inconsistent with our general duty under MiFID II to act in the best interests of our clients.

Fees

It is our policy to establish an appropriate methodology (whether at the transactional or relationship level) to ensure pricing transparency for clients and not to route orders by reference to our fees.

MONITORING

HSBC monitors the arrangements described in this Statement in order to detect potential deficiencies. In the case of OTC transactions, this includes monitoring the fairness of our pricing.

EVALUATION

Approach

We evaluate quality of execution primarily by reference to price. This means that our monitoring primarily relates to price also. If the execution price deviates from our tolerance, we assess whether this is due to a deficiency in our execution process. We conclude that the deviation is not due to such a deficiency if it results from our duly taking into account a client specific instruction or another of the execution factors.

Monitoring

We monitor best execution for FX cash transactions, precious metals and FX vanilla options executed with us electronically. We are currently enhancing our monitoring capabilities for manually executed orders in FX cash, more complex FX options, base metals, and energy derivatives. Manually executed orders are those placed by clients contacting a HSBC salesperson, or by entering orders via chat (eg Bloomberg or Reuters), where the execution of the order is performed by a member of HSBC staff rather than via an electronic execution platform. While we are working on enhancing our monitoring capability to capture and record the order receipt time, clients leaving such orders will continue to receive competitive pricing. These prices are HSBC prices but are not necessarily indicative of the best prices available in the market at the time of receipt.

Fairness

In the case of OTC products, we monitor the fairness of our pricing. This means we have appropriate valuation systems and procedures to check the fairness of our pricing on a systematic basis.

Client feedback

We actively solicit client feedback on the quality of the execution services that we provide and take that feedback into account in evaluating those services.

AMENDMENTS

HSBC may amend the Best Execution Policy and may update this Statement from time to time. When we make a material change to the Best Execution Policy, we inform clients by publishing an updated version of this Statement. The prevailing version of this Statement is available on <http://www.about.hsbc.pl/hsbc-in-poland/directives-and-acts/mifid>. This Statement updates and replaces our prior disclosure statements on best execution in Markets.

SCHEDULE (FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS)

These are **financial instruments** for the purposes of MiFID II:

SECURITIES

- (1) Transferable securities
- (2) Money-market instruments
- (3) Units in collective investment undertakings

DERIVATIVES

- (4) Options, futures, swaps, forward rate agreements and any other derivative contracts relating to securities, currencies, interest rates or yields, emission allowances or other derivatives instruments, financial indices or financial measures which may be settled physically or in cash
- (5) Options, futures, swaps, forwards and any other derivative contracts relating to commodities that must be settled in cash or may be settled in cash at the option of one of the parties other than by reason of default or other termination event
- (6) Options, futures, swaps, and any other derivative contract relating to commodities that can be physically settled provided that they are traded on a regulated market, a MTF, or an OTF, except for wholesale energy products traded on an OTF that must be physically settled
- (7) Options, futures, swaps, forwards and any other derivative contracts relating to commodities, that can be physically settled not otherwise mentioned in point 6 and not being for commercial purposes, which have the characteristics of other derivative financial instruments
- (8) Derivative instruments for the transfer of credit risk
- (9) Financial contracts for differences
- (10) Options, futures, swaps, forward rate agreements and any other derivative contracts relating to climatic variables, freight rates or inflation rates or other official economic statistics that must be settled in cash or may be settled in cash at the option of one of the parties other than by reason of default or other termination event, as well as any other derivative contracts relating to assets, rights, obligations, indices and measures not otherwise mentioned in this Section, which have the characteristics of other derivative financial instruments, having regard to whether, inter alia, they are traded on a regulated market, OTF, or an MTF

EMISSION ALLOWANCES

- (11) Emission allowances consisting of any units recognised for compliance with the requirements of Directive 2003/87/EC (Emissions Trading Scheme)